

THE HONG KONG POLYTECHNIC UNIVERSITY
HONG KONG COMMUNITY COLLEGE

Subject Title : Principles of Financial Planning **Subject Code** : CCN2144
Session : Semester Two, 2017/18

Numerical Answers

Question B3

The PV amount needed for 1st Son:
 $\$500,000 / (1 + 6\%)^{18-6} = \$248,484.6818$

The PV amount needed for 2nd Son:
 $\$500,000 / (1 + 6\%)^{18-2} = \$196,823.1419$

$$PV_1 + PV_2 = \$248,484.6818 + \$196,823.1419 = \$445,307.82$$

Since $\$400,000 < \$445,307.82$, John has NOT enough money to reach his objective right now.

Question C1

(b) Interest = $\$100,000 \times 6\% = \$6,000$

$$\text{Monthly Payment} = \frac{\$100,000 + \$6,000}{12} = \$8,833.33$$

(c) $FV = PV(1+r)^t = \$100,000 \times (1.2)^{12} = \$891,610.04$

(f) $FV_5^1 = \$10,000 \times \frac{(1+2\%)^5 - 1}{2\%} = \$52,040.40$

(g) The stream of cash flow can be treated as 2 ordinary annuities:
The future value of the 1st ordinary annuity (first 5 months) in 12 month is:
 $FV_{12}^1 = FV_5^1 \times (1+2\%)^{12-5} = \$59,778.06$

The 2nd ordinary annuity that starts at month 7:
 $FV_{12}^2 = \$10,000 \times \frac{(1+2\%)^6 - 1}{2\%} = \$63,081.21$

Total value in 12 months later:
 $FV_{12}^1 + FV_{12}^2 = \$59,778.06 + \$63,081.21 = \$122,859.27$