

THE HONG KONG POLYTECHNIC UNIVERSITY  
HONG KONG COMMUNITY COLLEGE

---

**Subject Title** : International Finance

**Subject Code** : CCN2122

**Session** : Semester One, 2017/18

**Numerical Answers**

**Question B2**

Spot rate 1 year ago = \$1.50

Forward rate 1 year ago =  $\$1.50 \times (1 - 0.04) = \$1.44$

Dollars received to buy 1,000,000 pounds =  $1,000,000 \times \$1.44 = \$1,440,000$

Spot rate of pound now =  $\$1.5 \times (1 + 0.06) = \$1.59$

Dollars that are now required to buy the 1,000,000 pounds = \$1,590,000

**Profit** =  $\$1,590,000 - \$1,440,000 = \$150,000$

**Question C1**

- (a) Sell forward to lock the exchange rate of \$1.24.  
Convert \$1,000,000 to pounds then invest in U.K to earn 6% interest  
 $\$1,000,000 / \$1.2 = \text{£}833,333.33$   
On year later, the investor has:  
 $\text{£}833,333.33 \times 1.06 = \text{£}883,333.33$   
Convert back to U.S. dollar:  
 $\text{£}883,333.33 \times \$1.24 = \$1,095,333.33$   
Yield =  $(\$1,095,333 - \$1,000,000) / \$1,000,000 = 9.53\%$

Thus, U.S. investors can benefit from covered interest arbitrage because this yield exceeds the U.S. interest rate of 4% percent.

- (b) Under IRP, the forward discount should be  
 $p = 1.04/1.06 - 1$   
 $p = -1.8868\%$   
The forward rate should be:  
 $(F - \$1.2) / \$1.2 = -1.8868\%$   
 $F = \$1.1774/\text{£}$
- (d)  $e = 1.04/1.06 - 1 = -1.8868\%$   
One year spot =  $\$1.2 \times (1 - 1.8868\%) = \$1.1774$
- (e) 1. Convert dollars to pounds  $\$1,000,000 / \$1.2 = 833,333.33$  pounds  
2. Invest pounds for 1 year and receive  $83,333.33$  pounds  $\times 1.06 = 883,333.33$  pounds  
3. Convert pounds back to USD and receive  $883,333.33 \times \$1.1 = \$971,666.67$   
The percentage return is  $\$971,666.67 / 1,000,000 - 1 = -2.83\%$

### Question C2

(b)(i) QT must purchase  $50\text{m}/5\text{m} = 10$  contracts.

Option payoff per unit:  
 $(\$0.0090 - \$0.0085) = \$0.0005$

Option profit per unit:  
 $\$0.0005 - \$0.0007 = -\$0.0002$

Total Profit =  $-\$0.0002 \times 50\text{m} = -\$10,000$  (loss)

(b)(ii) In order to break-even, the 3-month spot rate should be  $(\$0.0085 + \$0.0007) = \$0.0092$ .

(b)(iv) Maximum loss is the premium paid.  
 $\$0.0007 \times 50\text{m} = \$35,000$

(c) Contract needs:  
 $50\text{m}/12.5\text{m} = 4$  contracts

As QT is required to pay foreign currency, QT should **Buy** 4 future contracts.